

ŽURIĆ I PARTNERI KINSTELLAR

New Updates to the Labour Act in Croatia – January 2023

In this newsletter, we provide an overview of:

- ✓ the most important changes to the Labor Act that relate to the obligation
 to harmonize the Rules of Procedure with amendments to the Labor Act
- ✓ the amendments of the provisions regulating fixed-term employment, remote work and work at a separate workplace
- ✓ the obligation to appoint persons for protection of employees' dignity

Obligation to harmonize Employer's Bylaws

Since when?

Act on Amendments to the Labor Act entered into force on 1 January 2023 and brings numerous changes that require employers to make certain adjustments.

The employer is obliged to harmonize the provisions of the Employer's Bylaws with the provisions of the Act on the Amendments to the Labor Act within six (6) months from the date of entry into force of this Act.

The period of 6 (six) months expires 1 July 2023.

Fixed-term employment agreement



A fixed-term employment agreement can exceptionally be concluded to establish an employment relationship whose termination is determined in advance when the need to perform work is temporary, due to an OBJECTIVE REASON.

The employer may enter into a maximum of three (3) consecutive agreements with the employee, which may cumulatively last no longer than three (3) years. Consecutive agreements are considered to be agreements concluded consecutively, without a break between agreements or with a break of no longer than three (3) months.

Exceptions

The Act also prescribes exceptions to the aforementioned rules, i.e. cases in which fixed-term employment can last longer than three (3) years.

The provisions of this Act do not apply to fixed-term employment agreements concluded before 1 January 2023, until their term expires.

Remote work and work at a separate workplace



What is new?

A new type of employment agreement is being introduced – the remote work agreement, and the employment agreement at a separate workplace is being regulated in more detail.

Work at a separate workplace

Work from home or in another premise with a similar purpose that is not the employer's premise.

Remote work

Work through information and communication technology. The employee has the right to choose where he will perform his work.



The mandatory content of the remote work agreement and the agreement on the work at a separate workplace is broader than the mandatory content of the regular employment agreement, and includes

- provisions on work organization;
- compensation of expenses etc.

Protection of employees' dignity

An employer who employs at least 20 employees is obliged to appoint, with the prior written consent of the person who he proposes to appoint, one person who is authorised to receive and resolve complaints related to the protection of employees' dignity.

An employer who employs more than 75 employees is obliged to appoint two persons of different genders who, in addition to him, are authorised to receive and resolve such complaints.

For more details, please contact our labour law team in Croatia



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